



SECRETARY OF DEFENSE  
1000 DEFENSE PENTAGON  
WASHINGTON, DC 20301-1000

MEMORANDUM FOR SECRETARY OF COMMERCE

SUBJECT: Response to Steel and Aluminum Policy Recommendations

This memo provides a consolidated position from the DoD on the investigation of the effect of steel mill imports and the effects of imports of aluminum on national security, conducted by the Department of Commerce under Section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962 (hereinafter "Section 232 Report").

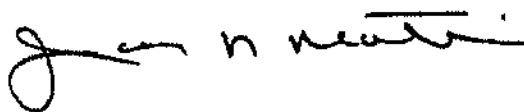
Regarding the December 15, 2017 reports on steel and aluminum, DoD believes that the systematic use of unfair trade practices to intentionally erode our innovation and manufacturing industrial base poses a risk to our national security. As such, DoD concurs with the Department of Commerce's conclusion that imports of foreign steel and aluminum based on unfair trading practices impair the national security. As noted in both Section 232 reports, however, the U.S. military requirements for steel and aluminum each only represent about three percent of U.S. production. Therefore, DoD does not believe that the findings in the reports impact the ability of DoD programs to acquire the steel or aluminum necessary to meet national defense requirements.

DoD continues to be concerned about the negative impact on our key allies regarding the recommended options within the reports. However, DoD recognizes that among these reports' alternatives, targeted tariffs are more preferable than a global quota or global tariff. In addition, we recommend an inter-agency group further refine the targeted tariffs, so as to create incentives for trade partners to work with the U.S. on addressing the underlying issue of Chinese transshipment.

If the Administration moves forward with targeted tariffs or quotas on steel, DoD recommends that the management and labor leaders of the respective industries be convened by the President, so that they may understand that these tariffs and quotas are conditional. Moreover, if the Administration takes action on steel, DoD recommends waiting before taking further steps on aluminum. The prospect of trade action on aluminum may be sufficient to coerce improved behavior of bad actors. In either case, it remains important for the President to continue to communicate the negative consequences of unfair trade practices.

This is an opportunity to set clear expectations domestically regarding competitiveness and rebuild economic strength at home while preserving a fair and reciprocal international economic system as outlined in the National Security Strategy. It is critical that we reinforce to

our key allies that these actions are focused on correcting Chinese overproduction and countering their attempts to circumvent existing antidumping tariffs – not the bilateral U.S. relationship.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "James N. Meyer". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large initial "J" and a horizontal line above the "y" in "Meyer".

cc:

Secretary of the Treasury

Secretary of State

Chief of Staff to the President

Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs

Chairman, National Economic Council

United States Trade Representative